mflabs.org/geohack/geohack.php?pagename=Chiesa_di_San_Salvatore_(Genova)&language=it&params=44_24_14.72_N_8_55_55.03_E_scale:2500)

Church of San Salvatore (Genoa)

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia.

The **church of San Salvatore** is a former religious building in the historic center of Genoa , located in *the square Sarzano* . Adjacent to the former church of St. Augustine , the complex has been completely renovated to accommodate the assembly hall of the university. Given the capacity - can accommodate up to 340 spectators - is also used as a venue for concerts.

Indication

1 History and description
2 Bibliography
3 See also
4 Other projects
5 External links

Former Church of San Salvatore



The complex seen from the square Sarzano

Condition	Italy
Region	Liguria
Location	Genoa
Religion	Catholic Christian of the Roman Rite
Owner	Jesus the Saviour
Diocese	Archdiocese of Genoa
Architectural style	Baroque
Start building	1141
Completion	Seventeenth century

Historical Background and Description

In January of 1141 , at the request of a canon Ansaldo, the consuls of Genoa gave the gift of "14 tables of land" for the construction of a church in the field of Sarzano as a host public events and official parades. From this fact will be born the church of San Salvatore in Sarzano. San Salvatore is cited as a parish only in documents of 1191 .

In the year 1611 it was decided to expand and modernize the religious building, after taking into account various expansion projects have been presented since 1578 .



Overview of square Sarzano, left the church of San Salvatore and to the right the church of Carignano .

The date contained in a document in the archives written by a rector of the time, has emerged from recent studies, and contradicts that of 1653 , the traditionally accepted by historians. The church was equipped with a large nave only, the bell tower , built in the same period, was later restored and its bells increased to five. In 1692 he had the ' organ , then reformed and enhanced in 1844 , at which time San Salvatore was rich in works of art, because in 1809 he had confiscated the goods of the parish of Holy Cross, which was abolished by ' Archbishop of Genoa, Cardinal Giuseppe Spina .

The church suffered serious damage twice by bombs. The first because of the French naval bombardment in 1684 , which caused the collapse of the ceiling and the second in 1942 , when it was set on fire and destroyed. After the war, the building remained in ruins for decades, until - in the work for the

placement of the Faculty of Architecture at the ' University of Genoa bombed the area of the convent of San Silvestro in stradone St. Augustine - has been completely refurbished to house the assembly hall of the university. Given the capacity - can accommodate up to 340 spectators - is also used as a venue for concerts.

References

*For more, see **Bibliography of Genoa** .*

- Nadia Pazzini Paglieri; Rinangelo Paglieri *Churches in Liguria* , Genoa, Sagep Publishing, 1990. ISBN 88-7058-361-9 .

External links

- Genoa
- Archdiocese of Genoa

Other projects

- **Commons (//commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/Pagina_principale?uselang=it)** contains images or other files of **the Church of San Salvatore (//commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/Category:San_Salvatore_(Genoa)?uselang=it)**

External links

- Insights on the website of the Archdiocese of Genoa (http://www.diocesi.genova.it/documenti.php?idd=203&parrocchia=200)
- Insights on church (http://www.irolli.it/chiesa_genova/31/chiesa-di-san-salvatore-ex.html)

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